





Sierra Leone

- The patient has a
- Travel history
- History of exposure to person with Ebola.



- Fever (subjective or ≥100.4°F or ≥38°C)
- Other symptoms, including:
 - Severe headache
 - Fatigue
 - Muscle pain
 - Weakness
 - Diarrhea
 - Vomiting
 - Abdominal (stomach) pain
 - Unexplained hemorrhage (bleeding or bruising)
- Take a detailed **travel and exposure history**. In the past 21 days, has the patient been:
 - To an area with Ebola
 - Exposed to a person with Ebola
- If YES, Isolate the patient IMMEDIATELY.

Consult with public health



- Do you have a question about a possible case of Ebola?
 - For a list of state and local health department numbers, visit: http://go.usa.gov/f74V
- Do I need to test?
 - You, the health department, and CDC will work together to determine if testing is necessary

Patient care checklist for patients under investigation for Ebola virus disease

- ☐ Isolate the patient in a separate room with a private bathroom.
- ☐ Activate the hospital preparedness plan for Ebola.
- ☐ Ensure standardized protocols are in place for PPE use and disposal.
- ☐ Wear appropriate PPE when in physical contact with the patient.
- ☐ Attend to the patient's medical needs.
- ☐ Consider and evaluate patient for alternative diagnoses.
- ☐ Obtain detailed information about symptoms, contacts, and travel history.
- ☐ Perform only necessary tests and procedures.
- ☐ Ensure patient has the ability to communicate with family.
- ☐ Allow visitors only if they are wearing appropriate PPE.



For more information on how to care for a person under investigation for Ebola, please visit: http://www.cdc.gov/ebola